### **POST GRADUATE EXAMINATION, JUNE - 2023**

#### **MD PATHOLOGY**

(PAPER ONE)

#### **GENERAL & APPLIED PATHOLOGY**

L11me	e allotted: Inree nours]	[Max Marks: 100
Note:	Attempt all questions Illustrate with suitable diagrams.	
Q. 1.	Discuss differential diagnosis of Granulomatous diseases and its diagnosis. I pathogenesis of granuloma formation and its morphology.	Explain the (20)
Q. 2.	Define transplant rejection. Describe pathogenesis, clinical features & morph of acute and chronic graft rejection.	hological features
Q. 3.	Describe briefly:  a. Effects of alcohol on body  b. Metastatic cascade  c. Disseminated intravascular coagulation	$(3 \times 10 = 30)$
Q. 4.	<ul> <li>Write short notes on:</li> <li>a. Microfilaments</li> <li>b. Lysosomal storage disease</li> <li>c. DNA microarray technique</li> <li>d. Septic Shock</li> <li>e. Opportunistic infections in AIDS</li> </ul>	$(5 \times 6 = 30)$
	X	

## ${\bf POST~GRADUATE~EXAMINATION, JUNE-2023}$

### MD PATHOLOGY

(PAPER TWO)

### SYSTEMIC PATHOLOGY, CLINICAL BIOCHEMISTRY & CLINICAL MICROBIOLOGY

[Time allotted: Three hours]		[Max Marks: 100]
Note:	Attempt all questions Illustrate with suitable diagrams.	
Q. 1.	Classify Leukaemia. Describe the peripheral smear findings, bone marrow	
	stains used in diagnosis. Add a note on cytogenetics of acute leukaemia.	(20)
Q. 2.	How will you interpret a nerve biopsy?	(20)
Q. 3.	Describe briefly:	$(3 \times 10 = 30)$
	a. Lung pathology in Covid -19 infection	
	<b>b.</b> Intestinal carcinoid	
	c. Lab diagnosis of Diabetes Mellitus	
Q. 4.	Write short notes on:	$(5 \times 6 = 30)$
	a. Endometrial dating	
	<b>b.</b> Placental pathology in high risk pregnancy	
	c. Classification of testicular tumors	
	d. Molecular pathology of papillary thyroid carcinoma	
	e. Paget's disease of breast	
	_X	

### **POST GRADUATE EXAMINATION, JUNE – 2023**

# MD PATHOLOGY (PAPER THREE)

#### HAEMATOLOGY, BLOOD BANKING, CYTOLOGY AND CLINICAL PATHOLOGY

[Time allotted: Three hours]		[Max Marks: 100]
Note:	Attempt all questions Illustrate with suitable diagrams.	
Q. 1.	How will you determine hemolytic nature of Anaemia?	(20)
Q. 2.	Discuss cytodiagnosis of salivary gland lesions and Milan system of reporti	ng.
Q. 3.	Describe briefly:	$(3 \times 10 = 30)$
	a. Differential diagnosis of Psoarisiform dermatitis	
	<b>b.</b> Premalignant lesions of colon	
	c. Role of squash smears in CNS	
Q. 4.	Write short notes on:	$(5 \times 6 = 30)$
	a. Adverse effects of massive blood transfusion	
	<b>b.</b> G6PD estimation and its clinical importance	
	c. Lazy leukocyte syndrome	
	d. Massive proteinuria	
	e. Amniocentesis	
	X	

#### **POST GRADUATE EXAMINATION, JUNE - 2023**

### MD PATHOLOGY

(PAPER FOUR)

#### RECENT ADVANCES & THEIR CLINICAL APPLICATIONS

[Time allotted: Three hours] [Max Marks: 100] **Note:** Attempt all questions Illustrate with suitable diagrams. Q.1. Discuss Stromal breast lesions. **(20)** Q. 2. Discuss laboratory and molecular diagnosis of lung tumors. (20)Q. 3. Describe briefly:  $(3 \times 10 = 30)$ a. Non-neoplastic disorders of thyroid **b.** Lab diagnosis of arthritis c. Use of recent immune-markers in interpretation of prostate biopsy Q. 4. Write short notes on:  $(5 \times 6 = 30)$ a. Ceroid histiocytosis **b.** Demyelinating disorders c. Stem cell harvesting **d.** Assisted reproduction techniques e. Chorangioma