MD PEDIATRICS

(PAPER ONE)

BASIC SCIENCES AS APPLIED TO PEDIATRICS

[Time allowed: Three hours]		[Max Marks: 100]
Note:	Attempt all questions Illustrate your answer with suitable diagrams/ algorithms / tables.	
Q. 1.	Discuss "Coagulation cascade" and laboratory evaluation of haemostasis.	(20)
Q. 2.	Draw "bronchopulmonary segments". Discuss the clinical features and management	ent of a child with
	foreign body in right main bronchus.	(20)
Q. 3.	Describe briefly:	$(3 \times 10 = 30)$
	a. Fundus Examination in children	
	b. Autoimmune vasculitis	
	c. Draw cross section of Spinal cord at D10 level.	
Q. 4.	Write short notes on:	$(5 \times 6 = 30)$
	a. 21 – hydroxylase deficiency	
	b. Gene therapy	
	c. Conjugate vaccines	
	d. Role of Zinc in Pediatric practice	
	e. Congenital dislocation of hip	
	X	

MD PEDIATRICS (PAPER TWO)

NEONATOLOGY AND COMMUNITY PEDIATRICS

[Time allowed: Three hours]		[Max Marks: 100]
Note:	Attempt all questions. Illustrate your answer with suitable diagrams / tables / algorithms.	
Q. 1.	Describe problems of a neonate born to a Diabetic mother. Write managen such babies.	nent of hypoglycemia in (20)
Q. 2.	Describe social, cultural and medical factors responsible for birth of a low birt	h weight baby. Mention
	strategies to prevent birth of a low birth weight (LBW) neonate.	(20)
Q. 3.	Describe briefly:	$(3 \times 10 = 30)$
	a. Hematological problems in newborn	
	b. Neonatal acute kidney injury	
	c. Nitrous oxide therapy	
Q. 4.	Write short notes on:	$(5 \times 6 = 30)$
	a. Bronchopulmonary dysplasia	
	b. Undesirable effects of media on children.	
	c. Care of an infant born to a Covid -19 positive mother.	
	d. Milking of umblical cord	
	e. Your role in Child adoption	
	_X	

MD PEDIATRICS

(PAPER THREE)

GENERAL PEDIATRICS, SYSTEMIC PEDIATRICS AND PEDIATRIC EMERGENCIES

[Time allowed: Three hours]		[Max Marks: 100]
Note:	Attempt all questions Illustrate your answer with suitable diagrams / tables / algorithms	
Q. 1.	Discuss the pathophysiology, clinical features and management of a case of vira	al meningitis. (20)
Q. 2.	Describe the aetiology, pathogenesis, clinical manifestations and management of	of a case of Kawasaki
	disease.	(20)
Q. 3.	Describe briefly:	$(3 \times 10 = 30)$
	a. Severe acute malnutrition (SAM)	
	b. Scrub typhus	
	c. Multi-System Inflammatory Syndrome in children	
Q. 4.	Write short notes on:	$(5 \times 6 = 30)$
	a. Esophageal atresia with tracheo-esophageal fistula	
	b. Fabry's disease	
	c. Folate deficiency	
	d. Vesico – ureteral reflux	
	e. Renal Tubular Acidosis type- I	
	X	

MD PEDIATRICS

(PAPER FOUR)

RECENT ADVANCES IN PEDIATRICS

[Time	[Max Marks: 100]	
Note:	Answer all questions Illustrate your answer with suitable diagrams / algorithms / tables.	
Q. 1.	Write in detail about recent concept of 'Therapeutic cooling' in Neonato Encephalopathy (HIE). Discuss its advantages and disadvantages.	es with Hypoxic Ischemic (20)
	Encephalopathy (THE). Discuss its advantages and disadvantages.	(20)
Q. 2.	Discuss in detail about epidemiology, etiopathogenesis, and management	of COVID-19 infection in
	paediatric age group.	(20)
Q. 3.	Describe briefly:	$(3 \times 10 = 30)$
	a. Role of ECMO in Meconium Aspiration Syndrome (MAS)	
	b. Diagnostic challenges in celiac disease	
	c. Genetic studies in leukemias	
Q. 4.	Write short notes on:	$(5 \times 6 = 30)$
	a. SPECT and PET scan	
	b. Shift in strategies for polio vaccination	
	c. High flow nasal oxygen (HFNO)	
	d. Liquid biopsy	
	e. Levetiracetam	
	<u>X</u>	