### MD COMMUNITY MEDICINE

(PAPER ONE)

#### **BASIC SCIENCES**

[Time	allotted: Three hours]	[Max Marks: 100]
Note:	Attempt all questions Illustrate with suitable diagrams.	
Q. 1.	Discuss epidemiology of micronutrient deficiency disease and prepare addressing these health problems.	district action plan for (20)
Q. 2.	Discuss the role of Medical Social Worker in health care delivery system in bring about improvements in existing health care delivery in rural areas.	n India. How MSW can (20)
Q. 3.	Describe briefly:	$(3 \times 10 = 30)$
	a. The rationale and significance of "P" value in statistics	
	<b>b.</b> Social Determinants of Health	
	c. Causes and prevention of missing Girl Child	
Q. 4.	Write short notes on:	$(5 \times 6 = 30)$
	a. Gender mainstreaming in Medical education	
	<b>b.</b> Indicators of mental health in a community	
	c. Assumptions in ANOVA	
	d. Implication of 'COP26' in India	
	e. Delphi method of group discussion	
	Y	

# MD COMMUNITY MEDICINE (PAPER TWO)

#### **GENERAL EPIDEMIOLOGY**

[Time allotted: Three hours]		[Max Marks: 100]
Note:	Attempt all questions Illustrate with suitable diagrams.	
Q. 1.	Classify Epidemiological studies. Plan a randomized controlled trial for antihypertensive drug in your hospital and describe the basic steps in detail.	testing of a new (20)
Q. 2.	List the health problems of the elderly in India. Write briefly on the prevention	and control of these
	problems. Describe various schemes implemented by GOI for this special group?	(20)
Q. 3.	Describe briefly:	$(3 \times 10 = 30)$
	a. Disease surveillance through IDSP	
	<b>b.</b> Sustainable Development Goal 3	
	c. RMNCH+A	
Q. 4.	Write short notes on:	$(5 \times 6 = 30)$
	a. Health problems of adolescents in India	
	<b>b.</b> Zero based budgeting	
	c. Content of services of UNICEF	
	d. Benefits under ESI	
	e. Determinants of maternal mortality in India	
	V	

# MD COMMUNITY MEDICINE (PAPER THREE)

#### SPECIFIC DISEASES EPIDEMIOLOGY

[Time allotted: Three hours]		[Max Marks: 100]
Note:	Attempt all questions Illustrate with suitable diagrams.	
Q. 1.	Briefly discuss the challenges of National programs for prevention and CVD and stroke (NPCDCS).	control of cancer, diabetes (20)
Q. 2.	What is the current status of malaria in India? Describe the strategies includ campaign. What are key challenges in its implementation in India?	led under roll back malaria (20)
Q. 3.	<ul> <li>Describe briefly:</li> <li>a. Newer initiatives under NTEP in India.</li> <li>b. National AIDS control programme- IV.</li> <li>c. Discuss the epidemiology of road traffic accidents in India.</li> </ul>	$(3 \times 10 = 30)$
Q. 4.	<ul> <li>Write short notes on:</li> <li>a. Dietary approaches to stop hypertension.</li> <li>b. Antimicrobial resistance surveillance</li> <li>c. End game in polio eradication</li> <li>d. Newer vaccines</li> <li>e. Cancer registry</li> </ul>	$(5 \times 6 = 30)$
	X	

# MD COMMUNITY MEDICINE (PAPER FOUR)

#### RECENT ADVANCES

[Time allotted: Three hours]		[Max Marks: 100]
Note:	Attempt all questions Illustrate with suitable diagrams.	
Q. 1.	Discuss the challenges and measures taken by India in ensuring SDG goal 6 [ensurent sustainable management of water and sanitation for all].	ring availability and (20)
Q. 2.	Describe the epidemiology of tobacco use in India. Discuss the importance integration towards elimination of TB in India along with progress made strengthening tobacco cessation services in the country.	
Q. 3.	<ul> <li>Describe briefly:</li> <li>a. WASH</li> <li>b. National Health Policy – 2017.</li> <li>c. Role of Pentavalent vaccine in primary Immunization.</li> </ul>	$(3 \times 10 = 30)$
Q. 4.	<ul> <li>Write short notes on:</li> <li>a. Newer vaccines</li> <li>b. Zika virus</li> <li>c. Lessons from Ebola epidemic</li> <li>d. National Nutrition Mission</li> <li>e. NFHS – V: Key findings of nutrition status of under five children.</li> </ul>	$(5 \times 6 = 30)$