MD PEDIATRICS (PAPER ONE)

BASIC SCIENCES AS APPLIED TO PEDIATRICS

[Time allotted: Three hours] [Max Marks: 100] Note: Attempt all questions Illustrate with suitable diagrams. Q. 1. Discuss pulmonary mechanics, work of breathing and their implications with mechanical ventilation. (10+5+5=20)Q. 2. Draw appropriate line diagram to depict development of ventricular septum. Write in brief hemodynamic, clinical features and management of ventricular septal defects. (5+5+5+5=20)Q. 3. Describe briefly: $(3 \times 10 = 30)$ a. Define hypernatremia, it's causes and management b. Compare in a tabular form current covid-19 vaccines available in country c. Clinical features and management of acetaminophen poisoning O. 4. Write short notes on: $(5 \times 6 = 30)$ a. Vit -D metabolism b. Graphical presentation of somatic, brain, genital and lymphoid growth c. Genetic counseling in a case of trisomy 21 d. Biomedical waste management e. Treatment of multi drug resistance enteric fever

MD PEDIATRICS (PAPER TWO)

NEONATOLOGY AND COMMUNITY PEDIATRICS

[Time	allotted: Three hours]	[Max Marks: 100						
Note:	Attempt all questions Illustrate with suitable diagrams.							
Q. 1.	Define Birth Asphyxia. What are its clinical manifestations? How will you manage a newborn w HIE?							
Q. 2.	Monitoring of Foetal wellbeing from 1 st to 3 rd trimester.	(20)						
Q. 3.	Describe briefly:	$(3 \times 10 = 30)$						
	a. Bronchopulmonary dysplasia (BPD)							
	b. Intraventricular haemorrhage in a newborn							
	c. Enumerate various Government of India initiatives for Adolescence Heavarious aspect of RMNCH+A	alth. Write briefly about						
	Write short notes on:	$(5 \times 6 = 30)$						
	a. IMNCI							
	b. Child abuse							
	c. Delayed cord clamping at birth							
	d. Role of MRI in Birth HIE							
	e. Role of Amplitude – integrated EEG (aEEG) in NICU							
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MD PEDIATRICS (PAPER THREE)

GENERAL PEDIATRICS, SYSTEMIC PEDIATRICS AND PEDIATRIC EMERGENCIES

[Time	allotted: Three hours]	[Max Marks: 100]
Note:	Attempt all questions Illustrate with suitable diagrams.	
Q. 1.	Discuss about Tuberculous Meningitis in children including its pathogenesis diagnosis, management and complications.	s, clinical manifestations (20)
Q. 2.	Discuss various aspect of Rheumatic Fever including its etiopathogenesis, clindiagnostic criteria. How will you manage a 9 year old girl with Rheumatic fever failure? Also discuss prophylaxis in Rheumatic fever.	
Q. 3.	Describe briefly: a. Guillian Barre syndrome b. Acute Lymphocytic Leukaemia c. Organophosphorus poisoning	$(3 \times 10 = 30)$
^{પ્} ર. 4.	 Write short notes on: a. Wilson disease b. Relevance of eye examination in diagnosing various diseases c. Macrocephaly d. Rett syndrome e. Anorexia Nervosa 	$(5 \times 6 = 30)$

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MD PEDIATRICS (PAPER FOUR)

RECENT ADVANCES IN PEDIATRICS

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[Max Marks: 100]

Note: Attempt all questions

Illustrate with suitable diagrams.

Q. 1. How will you diagnose and monitor a case of asthma? Outline management of chronic asthma.

(10+10=20)

Q. 2. Differences between Myopathy and neuropathy. Discuss, etiopathogenesis, inheritance, clinical features, diagnosis and management of Duchenne Muscular dystrophy (DMD). What are the recent advances in managing DMD?

Q. 3. Describe briefly:

 $(3 \times 10 = 30)$

- a. PPHN
- b. New Paradigm of T-B. diagnosis and treatment in children
- c. Pediatric inflammatory multisystem syndrome temporarily associated with Covid-19 (PIMS TS)

Q. 4. Write short notes on:

 $(5 \times 6 = 30)$

- a. O2 delivery devices
- b. Monoclonal antibodies in clinical management
- c. Acute primary peritonitis
- d. Infantile tremor syndrome
- e. Describe salient features of pediatric advanced life support (PALS) update 2020.

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