POST GRADUATE EXAMINATION, APRIL - 2019 MS OTORHINOLARYNGOLOGY (ENT) (PAPER ONE)

BASIC SCIENCES & AUDIOLOGY

Time	allotted: Three hours]	[Max Marks: 100]
Note:	Attempt all questions Illustrate with suitable diagrams.	
Q. 1.	Describe the embryology and anatomy of thyroid gland and surgical landmarks	s for identification of
	superior, recurrent laryngeal nerve and parathyroid glands.	(20)
Q. 2.	Describe in detail the endoscopic anatomy of lateral wall of nose. Discu	ss the various type o
	pneumatisation of sphenoid sinus.	(20)
Q. 3.	Describe briefly:	$(3 \times 10 = 30)$
	a. Anatomy and surgical importance of external carotid artery	
	b. Draw labelled diagram of important deep neck spaces	
	c. BERA	
Q. 4.	Write short notes on:	$(5 \times 6 = 30)$
	a. Hearing aids	
	b. Factors effecting wound healing	
	c. Middle ear spaces	
	d. Eustachian tube function test	
	e. Transformer action of middle ear	
	X	

POST GRADUATE EXAMINATION, APRIL - 2019 MS OTORHINOLARYNGOLOGY (ENT) (PAPER TWO)

PRINCIPLES & PRACTICE OF OTORHINOLARYNGOLOGY

[Time	allotted: Three hours]	[Max Marks: 100]
Note:	Attempt all questions Illustrate with suitable diagrams.	
Q. 1.	Discuss the differential diagnosis of cerebello-pontine angle tumours. Describe vestibular schwannoma.	the management of (20)
Q. 2.	Discuss clinical features, etiopathogenesis and management of sudden sensori-	neural hearing loss. (20)
Q. 3.	Describe briefly:	$(3 \times 10 = 30)$
	a. Reinke's oedema	
	b. Osteomyelitis of maxilla	
	c. Workup of solitary thyroid nodule	
Q. 4.	Write short notes on:	$(5 \times 6 = 30)$
	a. Iatrogenic facial nerve palsy	
	b. Aural atresia	
u.	c. Management of B.P.P.V.	
	d. Perilymph fistula	
	e. Left vocal cord palsy	
	X	

POST GRADUATE EXAMINATION, APRIL - 2019 MS OTORHINOLARYNGOLOGY (ENT) (PAPER THREE)

PATHOLOGY & OPERATIVE OTORHINOLARYNGOLOGY

[Tim	e allotted: Three hours]	[Max Marks: 100]
Note	Attempt all questions Illustrate with suitable diagrams.	
Q. 1.	Discuss pathogenesis, clinical presentations and management of fungal rhino-simple processing the process of the control of th	usitis. (20)
Q. 2.		arcinoma and types of (20)
	laryngeal prosthesis for rehabilitation of voice in post-laryngectomy patients.	(20)
Q. 3.	Describe briefly:	$(3 \times 10 = 30)$
	a. Surgical approaches in management of juvenile nasopharyngeal angiofibroma	a
	b. Procedures / measures for immediate airway management	
	c. Common complications encountered during FESS and the predisposing facto	rs for these
	complications	
Q. 4.	Write short notes on:	$(5 \times 6 = 30)$
Q. 1.	a. Types of osteotomies in rhinoplasty	
	b. Thyroplasty	
معن	c. Superficial parotidectomy	
	d. TESPAL	
	Di di constitution	
	e. Pharmacotherapy for vertigo X	

POST GRADUATE EXAMINATION, APRIL - 2019 MS OTORHINOLARYNGOLOGY (ENT) (PAPER FOUR)

RECENT ADVANCES AND GENERAL SURGICAL PRINCIPLES

[Time allotted: Three hours]		[Max Marks: 100]
Note:	Attempt all questions Illustrate with suitable diagrams.	
Q. 1.	Discuss biomaterials in otology.	(20)
Q. 2.	Discuss sialoendoscopy in the management of salivary gland diseases.	(20)
Q. 3.	Describe briefly:	$(3 \times 10 = 30)$
	a. Rhino-manometry	
	b. Management of recurrent respiratory papillomatosis	
	c. Trans-tympanic medical therapy for otological diseases	
Q. 4.	Write short notes on:	$(5 \times 6 = 30)$
	a. Topodiagnostic tests for facial nerve function	
	b. Cranial nerve monitoring in ENT	
	c. Role of platelet rich plasma (PRP) in otology	
	d. Role of gastroesophageal reflux disease in ENT	
	e. Extracorporeal septoplasty	
	X	